



COPY

Attorney Docket: 70439

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : GRISONI  
Serial No : 10/053,259  
Confirm. No. : 1242  
Filed : January 18, 2002  
For : SOLID STATE...  
Art Unit : 2836  
Examiner :  
Dated : April 15, 2002

Hon. Commissioner of Patents  
and Trademarks  
Washington, D.C. 20231

RESPONSE TO NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS  
OF APPLICATION - FILING DATE GRANTED

Sir:

In response to the Notice To File Missing Parts of Application - Filing Date  
Granted, mailed on February 15, 2002 please find enclosed the executed inventor(s)  
Declaration with the appropriate surcharge.

Also enclosed is the substitute specification in compliance with 37 CFR  
1.52.

We trust that this matter is in order, but if there is any further action  
required please advise us immediately.

Respectfully submitted  
for Applicant(s)

By:

John James McGlew  
Registration No. 31,903

JJM:tf



70439.6

Enc.: Executed Declaration  
Copy of Notice to File Missing Parts  
Substitute Specification  
Check in the amount of \$65.00

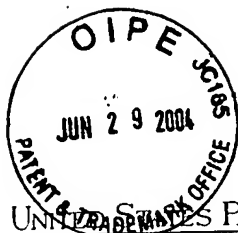
DATED: April 15, 2002  
SCARBOROUGH STATION  
SCARBOROUGH, NEW YORK 10510-0827  
(914) 941-5600

SHOULD ANY OTHER FEE BE REQUIRED, THE PATENT AND  
TRADEMARK OFFICE IS HEREBY REQUESTED TO CHARGE SUCH FEE  
TO OUR DEPOSIT ACCOUNT 13-0410.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS CORRESPONDENCE IS BEING  
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McGLEW AND TUTTLE, P.C., SCARBOROUGH STATION,  
SCARBOROUGH, NY 10510

BY: *William A. Tuttle* DATE: April 15, 2002



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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING/RECEIPT DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER
10/053.259	01/18/2002	Massimo Grisoni	70439

CONFIRMATION NO. 1242

FORMALITIES LETTER



\*OC000000007487680\*

000023872  
MCGLEW & TUTTLE, PC  
SCARBOROUGH STATION  
SCARBOROUGH, NY 10510

Date Mailed: 02/15/2002

## NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

*Filing Date Granted*

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The oath or declaration is missing.  
*A properly signed oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, identifying the application by the above Application Number and Filing Date, is required.*
- To avoid abandonment, a late filing fee or oath or declaration surcharge as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(l) of \$65 for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this letter.
- The balance due by applicant is \$ 65.

The application is informal since it does not comply with the regulations for the reason(s) indicated below.

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- A substitute specification in compliance with 37 CFR 1.52 because:
  - Line spacing on the specification, claims, or abstract is not 1-1/2 or double spaced (See 37 CFR 1.52(b)).

*A copy of this notice **MUST** be returned with the reply.*

Customer Service Center

70439 NOMP/Decl.

EXPIRES

April 15, 2002 MA

Initial Patent Examination Division (703) 308-1202

PART 2 - COPY TO BE RETURNED WITH RESPONSE



\*\*\*Substitute Specification\*\*\*

Docket # 70439

## **SOLID STATE CURRENT DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM FOR DC VOLTAGES**

### **FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates generally to a distribution and controlling system for DC voltages in electrical installations, hereinafter also called in short a DCS system.

### **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

5

Generally the currents distributed in an electrical installation are controlled by electromechanical devices with the functions of circuit breaking, load and line checking and protection.

These electromechanical devices consists of fuses, relays, breakers, breakers with thermal or magnetical protection, contactors, voltmeters, ammeters and relevant similar units. they have normally great over-all dimensions and weights, and produce electromagnetic noise with the closing/opening of contacts.

5            These devices must be manually reset after their operation and are often subjected to problems caused by oxidation of the contacts.

## SUMMARY AND OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION

10            An aim of this invention is to present a solid state distribution system or DSC system for electrical installations operating with DC voltages and having all of the functions that actual electromechanical devices have, but in a more profitable system.

             Another aim of this Invention is to introduce the DSC system as a continuously measuring system for electrical circuit parameters, with immunity to electrostatic discharge noise, compliance with EMC rules, and full protection against over voltages and short-circuit situations or anomalous current behavior.

15            Another aim of the invention is to present a modular DSC system with a range of current handling capabilities, selectably based on the application, with reduced overall dimensions and weights with respect to actual electromechanical devices, resistance to temperature and vibration, and which can be remotely controlled.

20            These aims are obtained with a DSC system completely based on solid state technology, controlled by electronics and connectable to a computer for remote control.

Using a DSC system inserted in a low voltage DC electrical line, it is possible to:

measure the current intensity flowing through a load;

measure the voltage across a load;

measure the operating temperature of the DSC system;

5 check the connected/disconnected status of a load;

checking the DSC system itself on a basis of voltage and temperature; and

operate in a remote mode or in manual mode.

With respect to actual electromechanical devices, the DSC system here described offers the followings advantages:

10 current load controls;

temperature controls;

lack of the electric arc during opening/closing of contacts;

lack of mechanical contacts and relevant problems;

very short operating times;

15 lack of EMC noise;

resistance to vibration and temperature;

reduction of overall dimensions and weights;

lower cost for mass production;

lower installation costs from reduced wiring;

20 lower maintenance costs if used with a remote connection to a central computer; and

a higher level of electrical installation and operation safety for operators.

With others advantages, the DSC system, based on a solid state power switch, can be connected to an external electronic system that can monitor any physical parameter like current, voltage, temperature, and circuit and load condition. The monitored physical parameters can be recorded to obtain a history of activations or malfunctions, or to trigger an immediate warning alarm.

Moreover, the DSC system can be mounted in a standard electrical cabinet in place of electromechanical devices.

By connecting the DSC system in a position near an electrical DC power source, it is possible to obtain a special function of the device called a battery breaker.

High current handling ability can easily be obtained with DSC systems connected in a parallel mode. Utilization of remote control can also allow installation of a DSC system in a narrow space while control is easily maintained from a location such as a main desk.

The DSC system proposed has been designed to be modular, that is to say composed from one or more DSC modules (10), also connectable in a parallel mode. Each DSC module can be programmed for different currents ranging from 10 to 100 Amperes.

Parallel connections can be made in order to obtain higher currents than would otherwise be available with single connections.

The DSC module is realized to be used in two separate and different modes.

In the first mode, the DSC module is controlled by an electronic circuit and functionally equivalent to a manual breaker protected by a resettable fuse.



The DSC module can be easily installed instead of mechanical fuses because it's mechanical dimensions are close to the standard for electrical cabinet installation.

5 In this use mode, the DSC module can be reset by a manual key and two lights that monitor the status of the DSC module. Inside the electronic circuit board there are two selectors to be set to program a range of current and a time delay if the load has a percentage of inductive component.

Over the allowable range of current programmed, the DSC module halts the current and protects the load from a short-circuit or higher current, or from out of range temperatures.

10 In the second mode the DSC module is remote controlled and the electronic circuit board contains a microcontroller with a memory. All of the characteristics of the manual mode are maintained but the controller memory can be programmed by using a dedicated program with parameters for a specific load like:

nominal load current;

percentage of tolerance over the nominal value of the current;

15 time to delay load activation or an alarm; and

maximum and minimum of admitted voltage.

The DSC modules in manual mode can be used independently like actual electromechanical breakers are used or connected in parallel mode to increase a range of the load current.

20 The DSC module in remote controlled mode can be combined in any way depending on the application which it is used for because of the presence of a microcontroller.

For example, in a particular application developed for the naval field, a DSC system can be used with 32 DSC modules with a current limited to 10 Amperes and 8 DSC modules with a current limited to 100A each.

5 This solution is applicable in electrical installation on board little and medium range ships, where the distribution of load and the separation of lines is imposed by navigation rules, above all, for the safety of those on board.

The DSC system comprises the architecture design advantages of an on board electrical installation with regard to weight, overall dimensions and reduced wiring complexity. The DSC offers these design advantages in an electrical installation where the electrical device of the ship  
10 is connected by a bus to a central operating unit.

The DSC system has been designed specifically for applications in the naval field.

All construction of the DSC is waterproof or water resistant, as well as vibration, temperature and oxidation protected.

15 The DSC system can also be enclosed in a protected metal cabinet without problems regarding heat dissipation. It is designed and construction to obtain heat dissipation directly through the copper supports of each DSC module, and as such, the use of external blowers is not necessary in order to improve the reliability of the mechanical system through environmental protection and regulation.

20 In any case, if blowers should ever need to be used, they would only be necessary for higher current applications, and where there are high numbers of DSC modules inside a cabinet.

The various features of novelty which characterize the invention are pointed out with

particularity in the claims annexed to and forming a part of this disclosure. For a better understanding of the invention, its operating advantages and specific objects attained by its uses, reference is made to the accompanying drawings and descriptive matter in which preferred embodiments of the invention are illustrated.

5

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the drawings:

Fig. 1 shows a front view constructive layout of a DSC module; and

Fig. 2 shows the side view of the DSC module of Fig. 1 .

## DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

10

Referring to the drawings in particular an example of a DSC module (10) is represented in the drawings of Fig. 1 and Fig. 2. The DSC module consists of two copper supports (11) and (12), a solid state switch (13), a printed circuit board (14) and an optional heat dissipator (15).

The copper supports (11) and (12) have connecting plugs (11') and (12') for clamping to the positive voltage bar (16) of the electrical line.

15

The solid state switch (13), yet know, is soldered on the copper support (11) and is connectable to the positive voltage bar (16).

The copper support (11) can be in contact with the optional heat dissipator (15) and is connected with the circuit electronic board (14) within the control electronics.

The solid state switch (13) is directly connected to the copper support (11) and the

output power terminals (17) are connected to the U shaped silver leads (18).

The U shaped leads (18) have been designed to minimize the thermal stress on the leads of the solid state switch (13) and to obtain the highest conductivity by use of a silver material. The U shaped leads are connected to the second copper support (12). The clamping of conductors to the copper supports (11) and (12) may be obtained by using brass or copper screws and nuts.

The copper supports may eventually be soldered, or inserted nuts may be used to allow installation by hand with only one tool.

The DSC module is fitted with a connector (19) soldered to the printed circuit board (14) for remote control of the DSC module.

Instead of using a traditional heat dissipator (15), the copper supports (11), (12) and voltage bar (16) are shaped and dimensioned so they alone may be used to dissipate heat. The working of the DSC system is normally controlled by a microcontroller, but it may also be used in the first mode if manual operation is preferred.

When a level on the closing signal is activated, the DSC module switches and closes the circuit on the load. A return status signal is analyzed to know if the correct operation has been processed. Another analog signal can be used to monitor and measure the current flowing in a load.

Any combination of the previous signals can be used by the software to identify the working status of the DSC module and then alert the operator of a particular malfunction like current limiting , current short-circuit , increasing of temperature, load not connected, load not

correct, undervoltage, overvoltage and over current.

All of the working statuses and parameters are programmed in the microcontroller memory and continuously checked by the electronics.

While specific embodiments of the invention have been shown and described in detail  
5 to illustrate the application of the principles of the invention, it will be understood that the invention may be embodied otherwise without departing from such principles.

## **ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

5 The invention concerns a solid state current distribution system for DC voltages comprising an electronic solid state switch (13) for current switching from an input circuit powered by a voltage source to an output circuit connected to a load. The switch is connected to a first copper support (11) soldered to the case of the electronic switch and connected to the input circuit. An electronic printed board (14) is provided for the control of the electronic solid state switch, and a second copper support (12) is connected to the output terminals and to the load.

70439.1



## DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

Docket No. 70439

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: SOLID STATE CURRENT DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM FOR DC VOLTAGES

the specification of which

(Check one) ☐ is attached hereto.

☒ was filed on January 18, 2002 as

Application Serial No. 10/053,259

and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)

BS 2001A000004  
(Number)

Italy  
(Country)

January 22, 2001  
(Day/Month/Year filed)

Priority Claimed

Yes

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56 which

occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No)

(Filing Date)

(Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: **John J. McGlew, Reg. 17,722; and/or John James McGlew, Reg. 31,903; and/or Hilda S. McGlew Reg. 30,295; and/or Theobald Dengler, Reg. 34,575; and/or Keith D. Moore, Reg. 44,951.**

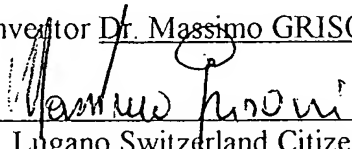
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Address all correspondence to:

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SCARBOROUGH STATION  
SCARBOROUGH, NEW YORK 10510-0827**

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor Dr. Massimo GRISONI

→Inventor's signature  →Date February 04, 2002

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